Is It Time to Shed the Lead?

Why an innovative, inclusive radiation protection strategy for the cath lab must be prioritized.

By Sahil A. Parikh, MD

or decades, the lead apron has been a symbol of protection in interventional medicine: necessary, familiar, and flawed. As procedural complexity and caseloads have grown, so too has our awareness of the long-term consequences of radiation protection

garments on our bodies. Interventionalists have some of the highest rates of work-related orthopedic injury in medicine.¹ At the same time, we face chronic, cumulative radiation exposure that threatens our health and that of our teams (Figure 1).² The time has come to ask a critical



28%

have been discouraged from working in the cath lab due to being or considering becoming pregnant

71%

would consider stepping away from the cath lab at some point during pregnancy



6%

diagnosed with cancer

5%

diagnosed with cataracts

5%

diagnosed with skin disease



66%

reported musculoskeletal pain attributable to wearing lead

34%

reported lumbar spine injury

25%

reported cervical spine injury

Figure 1. Occupational hazards in the cardiac catheterization lab as seen in a 2023 survey. Reprinted from JSCAI, Vol 4, Abudayyeh I, Dupont AG, Hermiller JB, et al, Occupational health hazards in the cardiac catheterization laboratory: results of the 2023 SCAI survey, Page 102493, Copyright 2025, with permission from Elsevier.

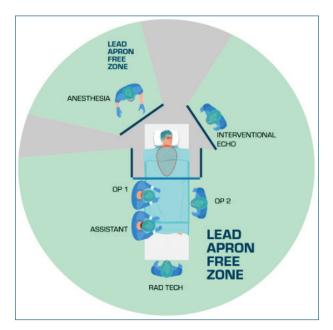


Figure 2. Rampart eliminates the need for lead aprons, offering full-body protection for the interventional team.

question: **Is it time to shed the lead?** The answer is yes, but only if we can replace it with something proven to be equal or better at radiation protection.

Radiation safety has traditionally focused on shielding the primary operator at the table, often overlooking team members at the head, foot, and left side of the patient. Nurses, techs, anesthesiologists, and trainees remain vulnerable. Today's procedures are no longer limited to straightforward coronary interventions from a femoral approach. They span peripheral, structural, venous, and cerebrovascular therapies. In this evolving landscape, our radiation protection strategy must adapt, protecting everyone, in every room, at every position.

After 100 years of the lead apron, there is a new class of radiation protection solutions. Mobile and suspended shielding systems—like those developed by Rampart—are transforming how we think about cath lab safety. These systems eliminate the need for wearable lead by offering full-body protection for multiple staff members, including those at positions previously left exposed (Figure 2). Rampart's configurations are designed to work across the full spectrum of procedures, allowing teams to perform complex interventions without compromising access or workflow (Figure 3).

A particularly important advance is the integration of **real-time dosimetry** into modern cath lab workflows. By "visualizing" exposure as it happens, we gain unprecedented insight into radiation risk and the effectiveness

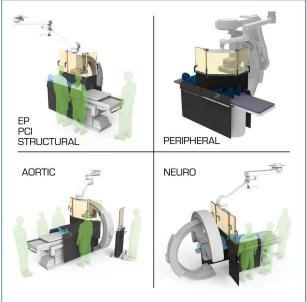


Figure 3. Rampart's portfolio of radiation shields are designed to work across the full spectrum of procedures. EP, electrophysiology; PCI, percutaneous coronary intervention.

of protective strategies. It empowers every team member to make safer choices and reinforces accountability in radiation protection.

Recent data have underscored just how effective these innovations can be. Clinical trials and large real-world studies demonstrate that Rampart's shielding system can reduce total body radiation exposure by **greater than** 99% for operators and staff, without requiring anyone to wear a lead apron.³⁻⁸ That kind of impact isn't just ergonomic—it's transformative.

Radiation and orthopedic protection are no longer overlooked concerns. This is a matter of occupational health, sustained personal wellness, staff retention, and talent recruitment. As leaders in interventional medicine, we must set the standard, not only for how we treat our patients but also for how we protect ourselves and our teams. Our tools must reflect our commitment to innovation, safety, and long-term health. ALARA (as low as reasonably achievable) should be mandated and enforced, as what is now achievable has changed. In addition, it should include protection systems that could mitigate the risk of orthopedic injury to all team members.

The question is not whether we can afford to shed the lead. It's whether we can afford not to!

^{1.} Organization for Occupational Radiation Safety in Interventional Fluoroscopy (ORSIF). Economic impacts of radiation exposures associated with interventional fluoroscopy. Accessed May 12, 2025. https://www.orsif.org/_files/uod/291b44 6858ef74540a4ef3aac0344b978b0ba0.off

^{2.} Abudayyeh I, Dupont AG, Hermiller JB, et al. Occupational health hazards in the cardiac catheterization laboratory: results of the 2023 SCAI Survey. J Soc Cardiovasc Angiogr Interv. 2025;4:102493. doi: 10.1016/j.jscai.2024.102493



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